What is claimed is:

- A method of forming a via plug, the method comprising:
 directing an aerosol stream of particles of a conductive material into a via of an integrated circuit device to deposit the conductive material within the via.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the via is disposed in a substrate or in a dielectric layer disposed on a base layer of the integrated circuit device.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the base layer is a metal layer or an active area of the integrated circuit device.
- 4. The method of claim 1, further comprising liquefying the particles by passing the aerosol stream through a laser beam before the conductive material is deposited in the via.
- 5. The method of claim 1, further comprising while the particles are in the via, sintering the particles.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein sintering the particles comprises using a laser or heating the particles and the integrated circuit device in an oven.
- 7. The method of claim 1, further comprising covering an end of the via while the aerosol steam passes through an opposite end of the via.

- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein directing an aerosol stream of particles of a conductive material into a via comprises directing the aerosol steam on a sidewall of the via for coating the sidewall to form a hollow via plug.
- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the particles of the conductive material are nanoparticles.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the via is a blind-hole via that terminates at a base layer or a through-hole via that passes completely through a substrate.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the conductive material is a silver-based material.
- 12. A method of forming a via plug, the method comprising:
 - directing an aerosol stream of particles of a first conductive material onto a sidewall of a via disposed in a substrate or in a dielectric layer disposed on a base layer of an integrated circuit device to form a seed layer of the first conductive material on the sidewall; and

plating the seed layer with a second conductive material.

- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein plating the seed layer with a second conductive material comprises plating the seed layer with a second conductive material that is substantially the same as the first conductive material.
- 14. The method of claim 12, wherein plating the seed layer with the second conductive material comprises electroplating or electrolessly plating the seed layer with the second conductive material.

- 15. The method of claim 12, further comprising before plating the seed layer, aggregating the particles of the first conductive material to form a coherent mass of the first conductive material on the sidewall.
- 16. The method of claim 12, wherein the first conductive material is silver and the second conductive material is copper.
- 17. A method of forming an integrated circuit device, the method comprising: forming a dielectric layer on a base layer of the integrated circuit device; forming a via in the dielectric layer terminating at the base layer; and forming a via plug within the via by directing an aerosol stream of particles of a conductive material into the via to deposit the conductive material within the via contacting the base layer.
- 18. The method of claim 17, further comprising aggregating the particles before or after depositing the conductive material within the via.
- 19. The method of claim 17, further comprising forming a metal layer on the dielectric layer in contact with the via plug so that the via plug interconnects the metal layer and the base layer.
- 20. The method of claim 17, wherein the base layer comprises integrated circuit elements.

- 21. The method of claim 17, wherein directing an aerosol stream of particles of a conductive material into a via comprises directing the aerosol steam on a sidewall of the via for coating the sidewall to form a hollow via plug.
- 22. A method of forming an integrated circuit device, the method comprising: forming a dielectric layer on a base layer of the integrated circuit device; forming a via in the dielectric layer terminating at the base layer; and forming a via plug within the via, wherein forming the via plug comprises:

directing an aerosol stream of particles of a first conductive material onto a sidewall of the via to form a seed layer of the first conductive material on the sidewall; and

plating the seed layer with a second conductive material.

- 23. The method of claim 22, further comprising before plating the seed layer, aggregating the particles of the first conductive material to form a coherent mass of the first conductive material on the sidewall.
- 24. The method of claim 22, wherein plating the seed layer with a second conductive material comprises plating the seed layer with a second conductive material that is substantially the same as the first conductive material.
- 25. The method of claim 22, further comprising forming a metal layer on the dielectric layer in contact with the via plug so that the via plug interconnects the metal layer and the base layer.

- 26. A method of manufacturing an integrated memory circuit, wherein the memory circuit comprises an array of memory cells connected to column and row address decoders and a sensing circuit, the method comprising:

 forming a via plug in the memory circuit by directing an aerosol stream of particles of a conductive material into a via of the memory circuit to deposit the conductive material within the via.
- 27. The method of claim 26, further comprising, before forming the via plug: forming a dielectric layer on a base layer of the memory circuit; and forming the via in the dielectric layer.
- 28. The method of claim 27, further comprising forming a metal layer on the dielectric layer in contact with the via plug so that the via plug interconnects the metal layer and the base layer.
- 29. The method of claim 26, further comprising aggregating the particles before or after depositing the conductive material within the via.
- 30. A method of manufacturing an integrated memory circuit, wherein the memory circuit comprises an array of memory cells connected to column and row address decoders and a sensing circuit, the method comprising:

forming a via plug in the memory circuit, wherein forming the via plug comprises:

directing an aerosol stream of particles of a first conductive material onto a

sidewall of a via of the memory circuit to deposit the conductive

material within the via form a seed layer of the first conductive

material on the sidewall; and

plating the seed layer with a second conductive material.

- 31. The method of claim 30, further comprising before plating the seed layer, aggregating the particles of the first conductive material to form a coherent mass of the first conductive material on the sidewall.
- 32. The method of claim 30, wherein plating the seed layer with a second conductive material comprises plating the seed layer with a second conductive material that is substantially the same as the first conductive material.
- 33. The method of claim 30, further comprising, before forming the via plug: forming a dielectric layer on a base layer of the memory circuit; and forming the via in the dielectric layer.
- 34. The method of claim 33, further comprising forming a metal layer on the dielectric layer in contact with the via plug so that the via plug interconnects the metal layer and the base layer.